COMMUNITY LIVING TRENT HIGHLANDS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2020



# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

MARCH 31, 2020

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Directors of Community Living Trent Highlands

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Community Living Trent Highlands (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020, the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

#### **ASSURANCE • TAX • ADVISORY**

Baker Tilly KDN LLP is a member of Baker Tilly Canada Cooperative, which is a member of the global network of Baker Tilly International Limited. All members of Baker Tilly Canada Cooperative and Baker Tilly International Limited are separate and independent legal entities. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Baker Tilly KDN LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Peterborough, Ontario June 25, 2020



# **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at March 31, 2020**

	Operating fund 2020 \$	Capital asset fund 2020 \$	Internally restricted fund 2020 \$	Total 2020 \$	Total 2019 \$
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	2,420,735	-	1,289,542	3,710,277	3,603,426
Investments (note 3)	132,860	-	-	132,860	51,610
Accounts receivable	1,523,214	-	-	1,523,214	1,128,444
Prepaid expenses	41,301	-	-	41,301	26,298
Due from (to) other funds	(1,152,011)	-	1,152,011		
	2,966,099	-	2,441,553	5,407,652	4,809,778
Other assets					
Long term receivable	43,539	-	_	43,539	62,631
Investments (note 3)	21,222	-		21,222	21,222
Tangible capital assets (note 4)	-	5,756,684	-	5,756,684	5,736,002
	64,761	5,756,684	<del>-</del>	5,821,445	5,819,855
	3,030,860	5,756,684	2,441,553	11,229,097	10,629,633
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Current liabilities	•				
Current liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)  Deferred revenue (note 8)  Current portion of long-term	2,191,681 769,226	- -		2,191,681 769,226	2,407,533 803,155
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5) Deferred revenue (note 8)	2,191,681	- - 48,242	- - -		
Current liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)  Deferred revenue (note 8)  Current portion of long-term	2,191,681	- - 48,242 48,242	- - -	769,226	803,155
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5) Deferred revenue (note 8) Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities Long term debt (note 12)	2,191,681 769,226 -		- - -	769,226 48,242	803,155 640,517
Current liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)  Deferred revenue (note 8)  Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities	2,191,681 769,226 -	48,242	- - - -	769,226 48,242 3,009,149	803,155 640,517 3,851,205
Current liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)  Deferred revenue (note 8)  Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities  Long term debt (note 12)  Deferred capital contributions	2,191,681 769,226 -	48,242 1,130,153	- - - - -	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329
Current liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)  Deferred revenue (note 8)  Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities  Long term debt (note 12)  Deferred capital contributions	2,191,681 769,226 -	48,242 1,130,153 2,126,941	- - - - - -	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153 2,126,941	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329 1,978,604
Current liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)  Deferred revenue (note 8)  Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities  Long term debt (note 12)  Deferred capital contributions	2,191,681 769,226 - 2,960,907 - -	48,242 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094	- - - - -	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329 1,978,604 2,584,933
Current liabilities     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)     Deferred revenue (note 8)     Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities     Long term debt (note 12)     Deferred capital contributions (note 7)  Fund balances     Internally restricted	2,191,681 769,226 - 2,960,907 - -	48,242 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 3,305,336	- - - - - 2,441,553	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 6,266,243 2,441,553	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329 1,978,604 2,584,933 6,436,138 1,535,659
Current liabilities     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)     Deferred revenue (note 8)     Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities     Long term debt (note 12)     Deferred capital contributions (note 7)  Fund balances     Internally restricted Invested in capital assets	2,191,681 769,226 - 2,960,907 - - 2,960,907	48,242 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094	- - - - - 2,441,553	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 6,266,243 2,441,553 2,451,348	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329 1,978,604 2,584,933 6,436,138 1,535,659 2,510,552
Current liabilities     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)     Deferred revenue (note 8)     Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities     Long term debt (note 12)     Deferred capital contributions (note 7)  Fund balances     Internally restricted	2,191,681 769,226 - 2,960,907 - -	48,242 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 3,305,336	2,441,553	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 6,266,243 2,441,553	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329 1,978,604 2,584,933
Current liabilities     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)     Deferred revenue (note 8)     Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)  Long term liabilities     Long term debt (note 12)     Deferred capital contributions (note 7)  Fund balances     Internally restricted Invested in capital assets	2,191,681 769,226 - 2,960,907 - - 2,960,907	48,242 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 3,305,336	2,441,553 - 2,441,553	769,226 48,242 3,009,149 1,130,153 2,126,941 3,257,094 6,266,243 2,441,553 2,451,348	803,155 640,517 3,851,205 606,329 1,978,604 2,584,933 6,436,138 1,535,659 2,510,552



# **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Operating fund 2020 \$	Capital asset fund 2020 \$	Internally restricted fund 2020 \$	Total 2020 \$	Total 2019 \$
Fund balances - beginning of					
year	147,284	2,510,552	1,535,659	4,193,495	3,921,362
Excess of revenue over					
expenditure for the year	893,771	(124,412)	-	769,359	272,133
Transfer for long term debt					
repayments	(68,451)	68,451	-	-	_
Transfer for disposal of tangible	` ' '	,			
capital assets	3,243	(3,243)	_	-	_
Transfer to internally restricted	5,275	(-,- :-)			
fund	(905,894)	-	905,894	-	-
Fund balances - end of year	69,953	2,451,348	2,441,553	4,962,854	4,193,495

# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

			Internally		
	Operating	Capital	Restricted		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Tota
	2020	2020	2020	2020	2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Revenue					
Province of Ontario (note 13)	21,999,428	-	-	21,999,428	21,047,680
City of Kawartha Lakes	1,391,657	•	-	1,391,657	1,376,858
Program revenue	3,463,638	-	-	3,463,638	2,827,847
Rentals	1,371,524	-	-	1,371,524	1,343,029
Amortization of deferred capital					
contributions (note 7)	-	213,636	-	213,636	150,255
Donations and fundraising	143,084	-	-	143,084	71,147
Interest and other	77,414	-	-	77,414	33,953
Gain on sale of tangible capital	•			·	•
assets	-	25,260	-	25,260	2,732
Total revenue	28,446,745	238,896	-	28,685,641	26,853,501
Expenses					
Salaries and benefits	17,029,054	-	_	17,029,054	15,996,893
Purchased services	7,943,706	-	_	7,943,706	7,377,739
Occupancy costs	1,002,428	_	_	1,002,428	1,039,035
Amortization	-	363,308	_	363,308	337,666
Advertising and promotion	938	-	-	938	801
Training costs	179,340	-	-	179,340	135,552
Insurance	96,545	-	-	96,545	114,181
Interest	50,209	-		50,209	42,747
Office	494,370	-	-	494,370	457,231
Repairs and maintenance	602,236	_	-	602,236	927,495
Travel	114,768	-	-	114,768	123,040
Donations	39,380	-	-	39,380	28,988
Total expenses	27,552,974	363,308	<u>-</u>	27,916,282	26,581,368
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenses for the year	893,771	(124,412)	-	769,359	272,133



# **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
CASH PROVIDED FROM (USED FOR):		
Operating activities		
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	769,359	272,133
Non-cash charges to operations	202 202	007.000
Amortization of tangible capital assets	363,308	337,666
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(213,636)	(150,255)
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(25,260)	(2,732)
	893,771	456,812
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Accounts receivable	(394,770)	(302,358)
Long-term receivable	19,092	18,819
Prepaid expenses	(15,003)	2,191
Accounts payable	(215,852)	723,186
Deferred revenue	(33,929)	339,550
	(640,462)	781,388
Net change in cash from operating activities	253,309	1,238,200
Investing activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(434,652)	(819,795)
Disposal of investments	11,191	11,134
Purchase of investments	(92,441)	(32,951)
Net decrease in cash from investing activities	(515,902)	(841,612)
Financing activities  Proceeds an disposition of tangible capital assets	75.022	20.950
Proceeds on disposition of tangible capital assets Deferred capital contributions received	75,922 361,973	20,850 421,748
Repayment of long-term debt	(68,451)	(42,631)
Proceeds of long-term debt	(00,401)	300,000
roccount of torm dopt		000,000
Net Increase in cash from financing activities	369,444	699,967
Increase in cash	106,851	1,096,555
Cash - beginning of year	3,603,426	2,506,871
Cash - end of year	3,710,277	3,603,426



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Community Living Trent Highlands ("the Organization") is a not-for-profit organization that was established on April 1, 2017 through the amalgamation of Community Living Central Highlands and Community Living Peterborough. The Organization is incorporated without share capital, to provide support and services which promote the personal growth, community participation of people with intellectual disabilities and their families. The Organization serves the communities of Haliburton, City of Kawartha Lakes, and Peterborough.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations. Significant aspects of the accounting policies are as follows:

### (a) Recognition of revenues and expenses

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that give rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period the goods or services are acquired and a legal liability is incurred or transfers are due.

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which includes donations and government grants. Restricted contributions other than capital contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Program revenue and rental revenue are recognized as revenue when the related service is provided.

Capital contributions are deferred and amortized on the same basis and rate as the amortization of the related tangible capital assets.

Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned in the appropriate fund.

#### (b) Government grants

The various programs are eligible for operating subsidies from the Ontario Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services. The Ministry will pay the organization for admissible expenditures incurred up to the funding contracts. While the revenue from these funding contracts is recorded in the current period, the reimbursement of these amounts is ultimately dependent upon their acceptance by the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services.

### (c) Fund accounting

Community Living Trent Highlands uses the deferral method of accounting and reports on a fund accounting basis. The three funds maintained are the operating fund, capital asset fund and the internally restricted fund. The funds are classified as follows:

- Operating fund includes results of day-to-day operating transactions and all unrestricted contributions;
- (ii) Capital asset fund includes the organization's assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses related to the tangible capital assets; and
- (iii) Internally restricted fund includes revenues and expenses related to funds internally restricted by the Board for various projects.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### (d) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, if any, of tangible capital assets is amortized, over the expected useful life of the asset, as follows:

Building and building improvements 40 years
Equipment and furnishings 5 years
Computer equipment 4 years
Vehicles 5 years
Leasehold improvements Term of lease

Tangible capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or conditions indicate that the assets no longer contribute to the organization's abilty to provide services or that the service potential of the assets are less than their net carrying amount. When conditions indicate that a tangible capital asset is impaired, the net carrying amount of the asset is written down to the asset's fair value or replacement cost.

#### (e) Income taxes

The Organization qualifies as a not-for-profit organization which is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act.

## (t) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year.

Key areas where management has made complex or subjective judgments (often as a result of matters that are inherently uncertain) include, among others, revenue recognition, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and useful lives of tangible capital assets and amortization. Actual results could differ from these and other estimates, the impact of which would be recorded in future periods.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### (g) Measurement of financial instruments

#### (i) Measurement

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument. The Organization subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for those instruments that are quoted in an active market. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, investments, accounts receivable, and long term receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long term debt. The Organization has no financial instruments measured at fair value.

## (ii) Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of possible impairment. When a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset or group of assets, a write-down is recognized in the statement of operations.

#### (h) Volunteer services

Volunteers contribute a significant amount of time to assist in the organization's activities. While these services benefit the organization considerably, a reasonable estimate of their amounts and fair value cannot be made and, accordingly, these volunteer services are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### (i) Measurement uncertainty

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization categorized COVID-19 as a pandemic. The potential economic effects within the Organization's environment and in the global markets, possible disruption in supply chains, and measures being introduced at various levels of government to curtail the spread of the virus (such as travel restrictions, closures of non-essential municipal and private operations, impostion of quarantines and social distancing) could have a material impact on the entity's operations. The extent of the impact of this outbreak and related containment measures on the Organization's operations cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

As an emerging risk, the duration and full financial effect of the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions, and other mitigating measures. Any estimate of the length and severity of these developments is therefore subject to significant uncertainty, and accordingly estimates of the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may materially and adversly affect the Organization's operations, financial results and condition in future periods are also subject to significant uncertainty. Therefore, uncertainty about judgements, estimates, and assumptions made by management during the preparation of the Organization's financial statements related to potential impacts of the COVID-19 outbreak on revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities, and note disclosures could result in a material adjustment to the carrying value of the asset or liability affected.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

## 3. INVESTMENTS

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Short term		
Renaissance savings account	41,128	40,475
GIC, maturing September 9, 2020, bearing interest at 0.50% per annum	11,222	-
GIC, maturing September 19, 2020, bearing interest at 1.20%	00.510	
per annum GIC, maturing September 9, 2019, bearing interest at 0.50%	80,510	-
per annum	<del>_</del>	11,135
	132,860	51,610
Long term		
GIC, maturing July 4, 2023, bearing interest		
at 1.60% per annum	21,222	21,222
	154,082	72,832

## 4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible capital assets consist of the following:

	-	Accumulated	Ne	t Book Value
	Cost	Amortization	2020	2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	894,839	-	894,839	894,839
Building and building improvements	5,624,968	2,366,030	3,258,938	3,448,474
Vehicles	775,900	525,280	250,620	272,728
Equipment and furnishings	1,045,675	839,270	206,405	239,481
Leasehold improvements	1,693,881	548,813	1,145,068	879,608
Computer equipment	393,899	393,085	814	872
	10,429,162	4,672,478	5,756,684	5,736,002



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

#### 5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,324,343	1,359,793
Accrued vacation	849,117	976,856
Government remittances	18,221	70,884
	2,191,681	2,407,533

### 6. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Organization's major source of revenue is in the form of subsidies from the Ontario Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services. The nature and extent of this revenue is of such significance as to affect the viability of the Organization and, accordingly, it can be said that the Organization is economically dependent upon the Ontario government.

#### 7. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred capital contributions relate to restricted funding received for purchases of tangible capital assets. Changes in deferred capital contribution balances are as follows

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Balance, beginning of year	1,978,604	1,707,111
Less: amounts amortized to revenue Add: amounts received	(213,636) 361,973	(150,255) 421,748
Balance, end of year	2,126,941	1,978,604



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

## 8. DEFERRED REVENUE

The following amounts are included in deferred revenue:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
	450 445	100.000
Province of Ontario	156,445	139,863
City of Kawartha Lakes	272,193	274,283
Other	340,588	389,009
	769,226	803,155
The continuity of deferred contributions are as follows:		
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Balance - beginning of year	803,155	463,605
Add amounts received:		
Province of Ontario	19,675	_
City of Kawartha Lakes	272,193	272,779
Other revenue	24,374	81,002
	316,242	353,781
Less transfer to operations:		
Province of Ontario	3,093	4,037
City of Kawartha Lakes	274,283	7,007
Other revenue	72,795	10,194
	350,171	14,231
Balance - end of year	769,226	803,155

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

#### (a) Interest rate price risk

Interest rate price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The value of fixed income securities will generally rise if interest rates fall and conversely fall when rates rise. The Organization is subject to interest rate price risk related to its investments and its long term debt.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The Organization has limited exposure to credit risk as tenant receivables are rare and all other receivables are due from municipal, provincial and federal levels of government.

### (c) Additional risk

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments. The risk assessment has been updated from the prior period for the impact of COVID-19.

The Organization is not exposed to any significant liquidity or currency risk.

#### 10. COMMITMENT

The Organization's total commitments, under various operating leases and a property lease agreement, exclusive of occupancy costs, are as follows:

2021	\$351,751
2022	351,778
2023	293,784
2024	274,471
2025	274,500
	1,546,284

#### 11. PENSION PLAN

All employees of the Organization are eligible to be members of the Community Living Trent Highlands Pension Plan, which is a registered pension plan in the Province of Ontario. The plan is a defined contribution pension plan. The Organization matches the employee contributions up to 3% of each member's annual earnings. For the year ended March 31, 2020, the Organization contributed \$296,044 (2019 - \$283,146) to the plan on behalf of its employees. As this is a defined contribution pension plan, these contributions are the Organization's pension benefit expenses, and no pension liability for this type of plan is in the Organization's financial statements.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

## 12. LONG TERM DEBT

Long term debt consists of the following:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Mortgage payable, 3.96%, repayable \$1,513 per month principal and interest, due April 12, 2023, secured by general security agreement and property.	184,271	194,878
Mortgage payable, 4.40%, repayable \$1,981 per month principal and interest, due October 4, 2023, secured by general security agreement and property.	301,187	311,616
Mortgage payable, 3.95%, repayable \$2,612 per month principal and interest, due June 26, 2023, secured by general security agreement and property.	405,742	420,617
Promissory note payable, interest-free, repayable \$417 per month, due October 22, 2023, secured by general security agreement.	-	22,916
Mortgage payable, 4.35%, repayable \$1,873 per month principal and interest, due October 31, 2023, secured by general security agreement and property.	287,197	296,819
	1,178,397	1,246,846
Less principal payments due within one year	(48,242)	(640,517)
Due beyond one year	1,130,155	606,329
The principal payments due in each of the next four years, based on are as follows:	the current repa	ayment terms
		\$
2021		48,242
2022		50,162
2023		52,159
2024		1,027,834
_		1,178,397



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

#### 13. PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Province of Ontario revenue consists of the following:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services	21,962,029	21,008,177
Special Services at Home	37,399	39,503
	21,999,428	21,047,680

#### 14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

During the year, the Organization adopted section 4433 of the CPA Canada Handbook: Tangible Capital Assets Held by Not-For-Profit Organizations. Section 4433 replaces section 4431 of the same name. The main changes from Section 4431 include: the requirement that tangible capital assets are written down to fair value or replacement cost to reflect partial impairments when conditions indicate that the assets no longer contribute to an organization's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net carrying amount. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Organization's financial statements.

